

1. estPermutation :=proc(t)
 local n,vu,i;
 n :=taille(t);
 vu :=allouer(n);
 for i from 1 to n do
 vu[i] :=0
 od;
 for i from 1 to n do
 if t[i]<0 or t[i]>n then
 return faux
 else
 vu[t[i]] :=1
 fi
 od;
 for i from 1 to n do
 if vu[i]=0 then
 return faux
 fi;
 od;
 return vrai;
 end;
2. composer :=proc(t,u)
 local n,comp,i;
 n :=taille(t);
 comp :=allouer(n);
 for i from 1 to n do
 comp[i] :=u[t[i]]
 od;
 return comp;
 end;
3. inverser :=proc(t)
 local n,inv,i;
 n :=taille(t);
 inv :=allouer(n);
 for i from 1 to n do
 inv[t[i]] :=i
 od;
 return inv;
 end;
4. Id est d'ordre 1 et le cycle (1,2,...,n) est d'ordre n.
5. test :=proc(t)
 local n,i;
 n :=taille(t);
 for i from 1 to n do
 if t[i]<>i then
 return faux
 fi;
 od;
 return vrai;
 end;

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ordre :=proc(t)
local n,itere,i,ord;
n :=taille(t);
itere :=allouer(n);
for i from 1 to n do
    itere[i] :=t[i]
od;
ord :=1;
while test(itere)=faux do
    itere :=composer(itere,t);
    ord :=ord+1
od;
return ord;
end;

6. periode :=proc(t,i)
local period,itere;
period :=1;
itere :=t[i];
while itere<>i do
    itere :=t[itere];
    period :=period+1
od;
return period;
end;

7. estDansOrbite :=proc(t,i,j)
local period,itere,k;
period :=periode(t,i);
itere :=i;
for k from 1 to period do
    if itere=j then
        return vrai
    else
        itere :=t[itere];
    fi;
od;
return faux;
end;

8. estTransposition :=proc(t)
local n,CardSupport,i;
n :=taille(t);
CardSupport :=0;
for i from 1 to n do
    if t[i]<>i then
        CardSupport :=CardSupport+1;
    fi;
od;
if CardSupport=2 then
    return vrai
else
    return faux
fi;
end;

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9. estCycle :=proc(t)

local n,CardSupport,iDansSupport,i;

n :=taille(t);

CardSupport :=0;

iDansSupport :=0;

for i from 1 to n do

 if t[i]<>i then

 CardSupport :=CardSupport+1;

 iDansSupport :=i

 fi;

od;

if iDansSupport>0 and CardSupport=periode(t,iDansSupport) then

 return vrai

else

 return faux

fi;

end;

10. periodes :=proc(t)

local n,leader,i,period;

n :=taille(t);

leader :=allouer(n); *(leader[i] sera le plus petit élément de l'orbite de i)*

for i from 1 to n do

 leader[i] :=0

od;

period :=allouer(n);

for i from 1 to n do

 if leader[i]=0 then *(dans ce cas, on n'a pas encore rencontré l'orbite de i)*

 leader[i] :=i; *(car i est alors le plus petit élément de son orbite)*

 itere :=t[i];

 period[i] :=1;

 while itere<>i do *(on parcourt l'orbite de i)*

 leader[itere] :=i;

 period[i] :=period[i]+1;

 itere :=t[itere]

 od;

 fi;

od;

for i from 1 to n do

 period[i] :=period[leader[i]] *(tous les éléments de l'orbite de i ont la même période)*

od;

return period;

end;

11. itereEfficace :=proc(t,k)

local n,itere,perio,i,j,m;

n :=taille(t);

itere :=allouer(n);

perio :=periodes(t);

for i from 1 to n do

 j :=reste(k,perio[i]);

 itere[i] :=i;

 for m from 1 to j do

 itere[i] :=t[itere[i]]

 od;

od;

return itere;

end;

12. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ est de taille 5 mais d'ordre 6.

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13. pgcd :=proc(a,b)
  local rest ;
  rest :=reste(a,b) ;
  if rest=0 then
    return b
  else
    return pgcd(b,rest)
  fi ;
end;

14. ppcm :=proc(a,b)
  return a*b/pgcd(a,b) ; end ;

15. ordreEfficace :=proc(t)
  local perio,ordreE,i ;
  perio :=periodes(t) ;
  ordreE :=1 ;
  for i from 1 to n do
    if reste(ordreE,perio[i])<>0 then
      ordreE :=ppcm(ordreE,perio[i])
    fi ;
  od ;
  return ordreE ;
end;

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